

SAFETY DATA SHEET

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier	
Trade name or designation of the mixture	Rosin Core Lead-Free Solder
Registration number	-
Synonyms	None.
SDS number	WC012
Issue date	22-February-2019
Version number	01
Revision date	-
Supersedes date	-
1.2. Relevant identified uses of	the substance or mixture and uses advised against
Identified uses	Solder.
Uses advised against	None known.
1.3. Details of the supplier of the	e safety data sheet
Manufacturer/Supplier	Worthington Cylinders GmbH
Address	Beim Flaschenwerk 1, A-3291
	Kienberg bei Gaming, Austria
Contact person	Ann Stiefvater
E-mail address	Ann.Stiefvater@worthingtonindustries.com
Telephone number	1-920-849-1740
1.4. Emergency telephone	1-703-527-3887 International / CHEMTREC 1-800-424-9300 US

number

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

The mixture has been assessed and/or tested for its physical, health and environmental hazards and the following classification applies.

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 as amended

This mixture does not meet the criteria for classification according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

- Hazard summary
- Not classified for health hazards. However, occupational exposure to the mixture or substance(s) may cause adverse health effects.

2.2. Label elements

Label according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 as amended

	,
Hazard pictograms	None.
Signal word	None.
Hazard statements	The mixture does not meet the criteria for classification.
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	Observe good industrial hygiene practices.
Response	Wash thoroughly after handling.
Storage	Store away from incompatible materials.
Disposal	Dispose of waste and residues in accordance with local authority requirements.
Supplemental label information	None.
2.3. Other hazards	This mixture does not contain substances assessed to be vPvB / PBT according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex XIII. Molten material will produce thermal burns.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

General information					
Chemical name	%	CAS-No. / EC No.	REACH Registration No.	Index No.	Notes
Tin	> 90	7440-31-5 231-141-8	-	-	#
Classification: -					
Copper	3 - 5	7440-50-8 231-159-6	-	-	
Classification: -					
Rosin	1.5 - 3	65997-06-0 266-041-3	-	-	
Classification: -					

List of abbreviations and symbols that may be used above

#: This substance has been assigned Community workplace exposure limit(s).

Composition comments	All concentrations are in percent by weight unless ingredient is a gas. Gas concentrations are in percent by volume. The full text for all H-statements is displayed in section 16.
SECTION 4: First aid measures	
General information	Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to

Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Inhalation	In case of inhalation of dust or fumes: Immediately remove from further exposure. Get immediate medical assistance. For those providing assistance, avoid exposure to yourself or others. Use adequate respiratory protection. Give supplemental oxygen, if available. If breathing has stopped, assist ventilation with a mechanical device or use mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.
Skin contact	Contact with dust: Remove contaminated clothes and rinse skin thoroughly with water for at least 15 minutes. If skin rash or an allergic skin reaction develops, get medical attention.
Eye contact	Contact with dust: Rinse immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove any contact lenses. Get medical attention if irritation develops or persists.
Ingestion	Rinse mouth thoroughly if dust is ingested. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.
4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed	Elevated temperatures or mechanical action may form dust and fumes which may be irritating to the eye, mucous membranes and respiratory tract. Contact with molten material may cause thermal burns.
4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed	Treat symptomatically. Exposure may aggravate pre-existing respiratory disorders. Symptoms may be delayed.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

General fire hazards	Solid metal is not flammable; however, finely divided metallic dust or powder may form an explosive mixture with air.
5.1. Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	Extinguish with foam, carbon dioxide or dry powder.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use water or halogenated extinguishing media.
5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture	Fire or high temperatures create: Metal oxides.
5.3. Advice for firefighters Special protective equipment for firefighters	Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.

Move containers from fire area if you can do it without risk.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

Special fire fighting procedures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	Keep unnecessary personnel away. Avoid inhalation of dust from the spilled material. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing.
For emergency responders	Keep unnecessary personnel away. Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up.
6.2. Environmental precautions	Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not contaminate water.
6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up	Massive, solid metal: Pick up and arrange disposal without creating dust. Dust: Collect dust or particulates using a vacuum cleaner with a HEPA filter. Use approved industrial vacuum cleaner for removal. Avoid generation and spreading of dust. Recover and recycle, if practical. Keep out of water supplies and sewers.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling	Wear appropriate personal protective equipment (See Section 8). Keep formation of airborne dusts to a minimum. Provide appropriate exhaust ventilation at places where dust is formed. Avoid inhalation of dust and fumes. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using the product. Wash thoroughly after handling.
	Any surface that comes in contact with molten metal must be preheated or specially coated and rust free. Inadvertent contaminants to product such as moisture, ice, snow, grease, or oil can cause an explosion when charged to a molten metal bath or metal furnace (preheating metal will remove moisture from product).
7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	Store in tightly closed original container in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Keep out of reach of children. Store away from incompatible materials (See Section 10).
7.3. Specific end use(s)	Solder.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

UK. EH40 Workplace Exposure Limits (WELs)			
Components	Туре	Value	Form
Copper (CAS 7440-50-8)	STEL 2 mg/m3	Inhalable dusts and mists.	
	TWA	1 mg/m3	Inhalable dusts and mists.
		0.2 mg/m3	Fume.

EU. Indicative Exposure Limit Values in Directives 91/322/EEC, 2000/39/EC, 2006/15/EC, 2009/161/EU, 2017/164/EU Components Type Value

Tip (CAS 7440 21 5)	Τ\Λ/Λ	2 ma/m2	
TIII (CAS 7440-31-5)	IWA	2 119/115	
Biological limit values	No biological exposure limits noted for the ingredient(s).		
Recommended monitoring procedures	Follow standard monitoring proc	edures.	
Derived no effect levels (DNELs)	Not available.		
Predicted no effect concentrations (PNECs)	Not available.		
8.2. Exposure controls			
Appropriate engineering controls	Provide adequate ventilation. Of inhalation of dust. Keep melting/ generation of fume. Shower, har recommended.	serve Occupational Exposure Limits and minimise the risk of soldering temperatures as low as possible to minimize the d and eye washing facilities near the workplace are	
Individual protection measures,	such as personal protective equ	ipment	
General information	Personal protection equipment s discussion with the supplier of th	hould be chosen according to the CEN standards and in e personal protective equipment.	
Eye/face protection	Wear safety glasses with side sh material.	ields (or goggles). Wear a face shield when working with molten	
Skin protection			
- Hand protection	Wear protective gloves (i.e. lates	, nitrile, neoprene).	
- Other	Chemical resistant clothing is re-	commended.	
Respiratory protection	Use a respirator when local exhaps OEL. In a confined space a sup or risk of inhalation of dust, use	ust or ventilation is not adequate to keep exposures below the blied respirator may be required. In case of inadequate ventilation suitable respiratory equipment with particle filter (type P2).	
Thermal hazards	Heat resistant/insulated gloves a	nd clothing are recommended when working with molten material.	
Hygiene measures	Always observe good personal h and before eating, drinking, and equipment to remove contamina	ygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective nts.	
Environmental exposure controls	Emissions from ventilation or wo with the requirements of environ engineering modifications to the acceptable levels.	rk process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply nental protection legislation. Fume scrubbers, filters or process equipment may be necessary to reduce emissions to	

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	Silver to silver-gray metallic metal. Contains core of light yellow.
Physical state	Solid.
Form	Wire.
Colour	Silver to gray. Rosin core: light yellow
Odour	Odourless. Rosin core: Rosin odor
Odour threshold	Not applicable.
рН	Not applicable.
Melting point/freezing point	227.22 - 250 °C (441 - 482 °F)
Initial boiling point and boiling range	Not available.
Flash point	Not applicable.
Evaporation rate	Not applicable.
Flammability (solid, gas)	Solid metal is not flammable. Fine particles may form explosive mixtures with air.
Upper/lower flammability or expl	osive limits
Flammability limit - lower (%)	Not applicable.
Flammability limit - upper (%)	Not applicable.
Explosive limit - lower (%)	Not applicable.
Explosive limit – upper (%)	Not applicable.
Vapour pressure	Not applicable.
Vapour density	Not applicable.
Relative density	7.2 (H20=1)
Solubility(ies)	Insoluble in water.
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	Not applicable.
Decomposition temperature	Not available.
Viscosity	Not available.
Explosive properties	Not explosive.
Oxidising properties	Not oxidising.
9.2. Other information	No relevant additional information available.
SECTION 10: Stability and	reactivity
10.1. Reactivity	The product is non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport

10.1. Reactivity	The product is non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.
10.2. Chemical stability	Material is stable under normal conditions.
10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions	Hazardous polymerisation does not occur.
10.4. Conditions to avoid	Contact with incompatible materials. Avoid molten metal contact with water.
10.5. Incompatible materials	Chlorine. Turpentine. Magnesium. Acetylene Gas.
10.6. Hazardous decomposition products	Toxic metal oxides are emitted when heated above the melting point.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

General information Occupational exposure to the substance or mixture may cause adverse effects.

Information on likely route	s of exposure
Inhalation	Elevated temperatures or mechanical action may form dust and fumes which may be irritating to the mucous membranes and respiratory tract. Lung damage and possible pulmonary edema can result from dust exposure. Inhalation of fumes may cause a flu-like illness called metal fume fever.
Skin contact	Dust may irritate skin. Contact with molten material may cause thermal burns.
Eye contact	Elevated temperatures or mechanical action may form dust and fumes which may be irritating to the eye.

Conner (CAS $7440_{-}50_{-}8$)			
Components	Species		Test Results
Acute toxicity	High concentrations of free metal fume fever. When H Overexposure of Tin can system. Acute overexpose and skin and under sever such as sweet metal taste blurred vision, back pain, Copper may cause skin a and mucous lining of the general toxicity.	eshly formed fumes/dusts of neated, the vapours/fumes gi cause irritation of the eyes, s ure to Copper dust/fume car e fume overexposure can ca e, dry throat, coughing, fever nausea, vomiting, fatigue. S nd hair discoloration. Inhalat mouth which is generally attr	i metal oxides can produce symptoms of given off may cause respiratory tract irritation skin, mucous membranes, and respiratory n cause irritation of the eyes, nose, throat, ause metal fume fever with flu-like symptom r and chills, tight chest, dyspnea, headache, Symptoms usually disappear within 24 hours ation of copper dusts may change the gums tributable to localized tissue effect rather tha
11.1. Information on toxicologic	al effects		
Symptoms	Elevated temperatures or the eye, mucous membra thermal burns.	mechanical action may form nes and respiratory tract. Co	m dust and fumes which may be irritating to ontact with molten material may cause
Ingestion	Ingestion of dusts genera poisoning can result in he	ted during working operatior molytic anemia and kidney,	ns may cause nausea and vomiting. Copper liver and spleen damage.

Copper (CAS 7440-50-8)		
<u>Acute</u>		
Inhalation		
LC50	Rat	> 2.77 mg/l, 4 hours
Oral		
LD50	Rat	481 mg/kg
Skin corrosion/irritation	Dust may irritate skin.	
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Elevated temperatures or mechanica the eye.	al action may form dust and fumes which may be irritating to
Respiratory sensitisation	Based on available data, the classified	cation criteria are not met.
Skin sensitisation	Based on available data, the classified	cation criteria are not met.
Germ cell mutagenicity	Due to partial or complete lack of da	ta the classification is not possible.
Carcinogenicity	Based on available data, the classified	cation criteria are not met.
Reproductive toxicity	Based on available data, the classified	cation criteria are not met.
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure	Based on available data, the classified	cation criteria are not met.
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	Based on available data, the classified	cation criteria are not met.
Aspiration hazard	Based on available data, the classified	cation criteria are not met.
Mixture versus substance information	No data available.	
Other information	Prolonged and repeated overexposu (stannosis). Overexposure to Tin car pneumoconiosis produces progressi there is no distinctive fibrosis, no evi	re to dust and fumes can lead to benign pneumoconiosis n result in benign pneumoconiosis (stannous). This form of ve x-ray changes of the lungs as long as exposure exists, but dence of disability and no special complicating factors.
SECTION 12: Ecological in	formation	
12.1. Toxicity	Alloys in massive forms present a lin	nited hazard for the environment.
12.2. Persistence and degradability	The product contains inorganic comp	bounds which are not biodegradable.

degradability	
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential	No data available.
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log Kow)	Not available.
Bioconcentration factor (BCF)	Not available.
12.4. Mobility in soil	Alloys in massive forms are not mobile in the environment.
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment	This mixture does not contain substances assessed to be vPvB / PBT according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex XIII.
12.6. Other adverse effects	None expected.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Residual waste	Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Scrapped material should be sent for refining to recover precious metal content. Solid metal and alloys in the form of particles may be reactive. Its hazardous characteristics, including fire and explosion, should be determined prior to disposal.
Contaminated packaging	Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied.
EU waste code	The Waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste disposal company.
Disposal methods/information	Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.
Special precautions	Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

SECTION 14: Transport information

ADR

14.1. - 14.6.: Not regulated as dangerous goods.

RID

14.1. - 14.6.: Not regulated as dangerous goods.

ADN

14.1. - 14.6.: Not regulated as dangerous goods.

ΙΑΤΑ

14.1. - 14.6.: Not regulated as dangerous goods.

IMDG

14.1. - 14.6.: Not regulated as dangerous goods.

14.7. Transport in bulk Not applicable.

according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU regulations

Regulation (EC) No. 1005/2009 on substances that deplete the ozone layer, Annex I and II, as amended Not listed.

Regulation (EC) No. 850/2004 On persistent organic pollutants, Annex I as amended Not listed

Regulation (EU) No. 649/2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals, Annex I, Part 1 as amended Not listed.

Regulation (EU) No. 649/2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals, Annex I, Part 2 as amended Not listed.

Regulation (EU) No. 649/2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals, Annex I, Part 3 as amended Not listed.

Regulation (EU) No. 649/2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals, Annex V as amended Not listed.

Regulation (EC) No. 166/2006 Annex II Pollutant Release and Transfer Registry, as amended Copper (CAS 7440-50-8)

Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, REACH Article 59(10) Candidate List as currently published by ECHA Not listed.

Authorisations

Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, REACH Annex XIV Substances subject to authorization, as amended Not listed.

Restrictions on use

Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, REACH Annex XVII Substances subject to restriction on marketing and use as amended Not listed.

Directive 2004/37/EC: on the protection of workers from the risks related to exposure to carcinogens and mutagens at work, as amended.

Not listed.

Other EU regulations

Directive 2012/18/EU on major accident hazards involving dangerous substances, as amended

Copper (CAS 7440-50-8)

Other regulations

The product is classified and labelled in accordance with Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP Regulation) as amended. This Safety Data Sheet complies with the requirements of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, as amended.

National regulations	Follow national regulation for work with chemical agents in accordance with Directive 98/24/EC, as amended.
15.2. Chemical safety assessment	No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

List of abbreviations	
	PBT: Persistent, bioaccumulative, toxic. vPvB: very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative.
References	HSDB® - Hazardous Substances Data Bank IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens ACGIH Documentation of the Threshold Limit Values and Biological Exposure Indices STEL: Short-Term Exposure Limit. TWA : Time Weighed Average Value.
Information on evaluation method leading to the classification of mixture	The classification for health and environmental hazards is derived by a combination of calculation methods and test data, if available.
Full text of any H-statements not written out in full under Sections 2 to 15	None.
Training information	Follow training instructions when handling this material.
Disclaimer	All information in this Safety Data Sheet is believed to be accurate and reliable. However, no guarantee or warranty of any kind is made with regard to the accuracy of information or the suitability of the recommendations contained herein. It is the user's responsibility to assess the safety and toxicity of this product under their own conditions of use and to comply with all applicable laws and regulations.